



DELUXE GOURMET UNIBODY SLIDE-IN BARBECUE

INSTALLATION AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

INSTALLER: Leave these instructions with consumer.

CONSUMER: Retain for future reference.



Unit in enclosure with optional oven hood and sideburner accessories shown.

Important: READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE STARTING INSTALLATION OR USE.

SAFETY WARNINGS & CODES

▲ DANGER

IF YOU SMELL GAS:

1. Shut off the gas to the appliance.
2. Extinguish any open flame.
3. Open lid if equipped with an oven.
4. If odor continues, keep away from the appliance and immediately call your gas supplier or fire department.

▲ WARNING

1. Do not store or use gasoline, or other flammable vapors and liquids, in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
2. A propane cylinder, not connected for use, shall not be stored in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.

CODE AND SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS: This barbecue must be installed in accordance with local codes and ordinances, or, in the absence of local codes, with either the latest *National Fuel Gas Code (ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54)*, and *Natural Gas and Propane Storage and Handling Installation Code (CSA-B149.1)*.

This appliance and its individual shutoff valves must be disconnected from the gas supply piping system when testing the system at pressures in excess of ½ psig (3.5 kPa).

This appliance must be isolated from the gas supply piping system by closing its individual manual shutoff valves during any pressure testing of the gas supply system at pressures up to and including ½ psig (3.5 kPa).

▲ WARNING

Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service, or maintenance can cause injury or property damage. Refer to this manual. For assistance or additional information, consult a qualified professional installer, service agency, or the gas supplier.

All electrical outlets in the vicinity of the barbecue must be properly grounded in accordance with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the *National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA 70*, or the *Canadian Electrical Code, CSA C22.1*, whichever is applicable.

CAUTION: Keep all electrical supply cords and fuel supply hoses away from any heated surface.



Certified to ANSI: Z21.58-2005 /
CSA 1.6-2005

Robert H. Peterson Co. • 14724 East Proctor Avenue • City of Industry, CA 91746



BARBECUE DELUXE DU GOURMET UNIBODY SLIDE-IN

INSTALLATION ET CONSIGNES D'UTILISATION

INSTALLATEUR : Laissez ces instructions avec le consommateur.

CONSOMMATEUR : Maintenez pour la future référence.



Unité dans la clôture avec les accessoires facultatifs de capot de four et de brûleur de côté montrés.

Important: LISEZ CES INSTRUCTIONS SOIGNEUSEMENT AVANT DE COMMENCER L'INSTALLATION.

AVERTISSEMENTS ET CODES DE SÛRETÉ

⚠ DANGER

SI VOUS SENTEZ LE GAZ :

1. Coupez le gaz à l'appareil.
2. Éteignez-vous n'importe quelle flamme nue.
3. Ouvrez le couvercle si équipé d'un four.
4. Si l'odeur continue, gardez loin de l'appareil, et appelez immédiatement votre département de fournisseur ou de feu de gaz.

CONDITIONS DE CODE ET D'APPROVISIONNEMENT:

Ce barbecue doit être installé selon des codes et des ordonnances locaux, ou, en l'absence des codes locaux, avec *l'un ou l'autre le plus défunt code national de gaz de carburant (norme ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54), et stockage de gaz naturel et de propane et manipulation du code d'installation (CSA-B149.1).*

Cet appareil et ses différents robinets d'isolement doivent être démontés du système sifflant d'offre de gaz en examinant le système aux pressions au-dessus du ½ psig (kPa 3.5).

Cet appareil doit être isolé dans le système sifflant d'offre de gaz par fermeture ses différents robinets d'isolement manuels pendant tous les essais sous pression du circuit d'alimentation de gaz aux pressions jusques et y compris le ½ psig (kPa 3.5).



Certifié à la norme ANSI: Z21.58-2005 /
CSA 1.6-2005

⚠ AVERTISSEMENT

1. Ne stockez pas ou n'employez pas l'essence, ou d'autres vapeurs et liquides inflammables, à proximité de ceci ou d'aucun autre appareil.
2. Un cylindre de propane non relié pour l'usage ne sera pas stocké à proximité de ceci ou d'aucun autre appareil.

⚠ AVERTISSEMENT

L'installation inexacte, l'ajustement, le changement, le service, ou l'entretien peuvent causer des dommages ou des dégâts matériels. Référez-vous à ce manuel. Pour l'aide ou l'information additionnelle consultez un installateur qualifié et professionnel, l'agence de service, ou le fournisseur de gaz.

Toutes les sorties électriques à proximité du barbecue doivent être correctement fondues selon des codes locaux ou, en l'absence des codes locaux, avec *Code électrique national, ANSI/NFPA 70, ou le code électrique canadien, CSA C22.1*, celui qui est applicable.

ATTENTION : Maintenez tous les cordes d'alimentation électrique et tuyaux d'approvisionnement en carburant partis de n'importe quelle surface de chauffage.

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PRODUCT DATA TABLE

Specification	Value
Counter Opening Height*	12" (30.5 cm)
Counter Opening Width*	24 3/4" (61.7 cm)
Counter Opening Depth*	17 3/4" (43.9 cm)
Main Burner	
BTU per burner	21,000 (6.2 kw)
Natural gas orifice	#47 (1.994 mm)
Propane gas orifice	#55 (1.321 mm)
Infrared Burner (if equipped)	
BTU per burner	28,000 (8.2 kw)
Natural gas orifice	#49 (1.854 mm)
Propane gas orifice	#57 (1.092 mm)

Table 1 - Product Data Table

***Note:** If using an insulating liner, consult liner instructions for counter cut-out dimensions.

Avertissements généraux :

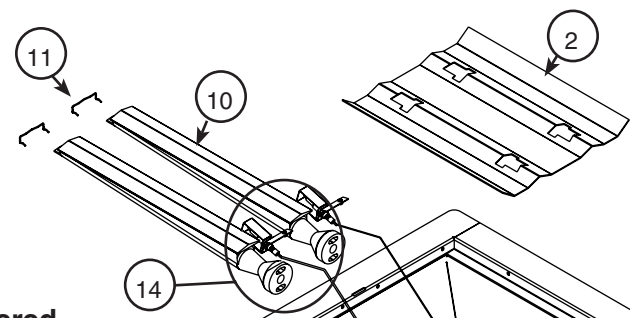
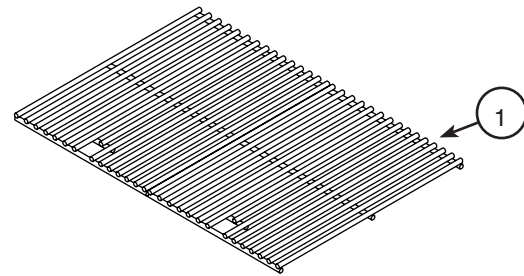
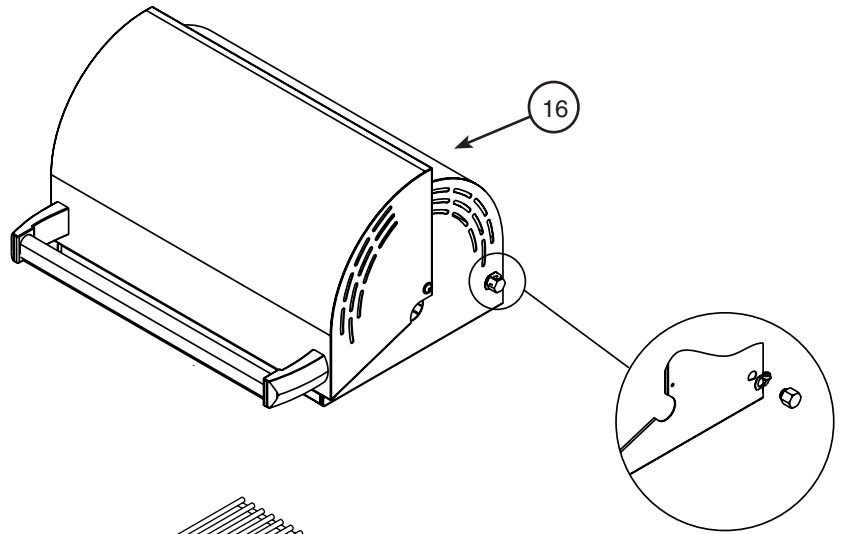
- Ce barbecue est pour utilisation à l'extérieur seulement. Si l'appareil est entreposé à l'intérieur, enlever les bouteilles et les laisser à l'extérieur.
- Ne pas ranger le gril immédiatement après l'avoir utilisé. Le laisser refroidir avant de le déplacer ou de la ranger. Le non respect de cette mesure de sécurité pourrait entraîner un incendie causant des dommages à la propriété, des blessures ou la mort.
- Ne pas utiliser cet appareil sous une surface combustible.
- Ne pas utiliser cet appareil sous un auvent. Le non respect de cette mesure de sécurité pourrait entraîner un incendie ou des blessures.
- Dégagement minimal entre les parois latérales et l'arrière de l'appareil et la construction combustible (45.7 cm à partir des parois latérales et 45.7cm à partir de l'arrière).
- Le régulateur de pression de gaz prévu avec cet appareil de cuisson à gaz pour l'extérieur doit être utilisé. Ce régulateur est réglé pour une pression de sortie de 5 pouces de colonne de l'eau pour le gaz naturel, et 10 pouces pour le propane.
- LE RÉGULATEUR INCLUS D'APPAREILS EST ÉVALUÉ POUR LE MAXIMUM DE 1/2 (LIVRES PAR POUCE CARRÉ). SI VOTRE OFFRE DE GAZ EST 1/2 PLUS GRAND QUE (LIVRES PAR POUCE CARRÉ), UN RÉGULATEUR ADDITIONNEL DOIT ÊTRE INSTALLÉ AVANT LE BARBECUE. VOIR LA SECTION DE CONDITIONS D'OFFRE DE GAZ POUR LA PRESSION APPROPRIÉE D'OFFRE DE GAZ.
- Ne couvrez jamais la surface entière de cuisine ou de gril de gauffreuses ou de casseroles. La surchauffe se produira et les brûleurs ne seront pas très performants quand la chaleur de combustion est emprisonnée au-dessous de la surface à cuire.
- Ne pulvérisez jamais l'eau sur une unité chaude de gaz, comme ceci peut endommager des composants de porcelaine ou de fer de fonte.

Avertissements de propane :

- Une fuite de GPL peut causer un incendie ou une explosion si enflammée entraînant des blessures corporelles graves ou la mort.
- Communiquez avec le fournisseur de GPL pour les réparations ou pour disposer de la bouteille ou du GPL non utilisé.

PARTS LIST

- | Item | Description |
|------|--|
| 1. | Grill, 16" x 11 1/2" stainless steel
or Grill, 16" x 11 1/2" porcelainized steel
or Grill, 16" x 11 1/2" porcelainized cast iron |
| 2. | Flavor grid 10" x 17" |
| 3. | Orifice, natural gas (2)
or Orifice, propane gas (2) |
| 4. | Pair of springs, air shutter |
| 5. | Pair of air shutters, gas barbecue |
| 6. | Valve manifold assembly |
| 7. | Face (stainless steel)
or Face (porcelain) |
| 8. | Fire Magic barbecue knobs (2) |
| 9. | Drip tray assembly |
| 10. | Pair of burners, 304 CST S.S. |
| 11. | Pair of burner clips |
| 12. | Ignitor assembly |
| 13. | Gas line w/compression nuts & sleeve (2) |
| 14. | Electrode assembly w/wiring (2) |
| 15. | Elbow (2) |
| 16. | Oven assembly |



Replacement parts can be ordered from your local Fire Magic dealer.

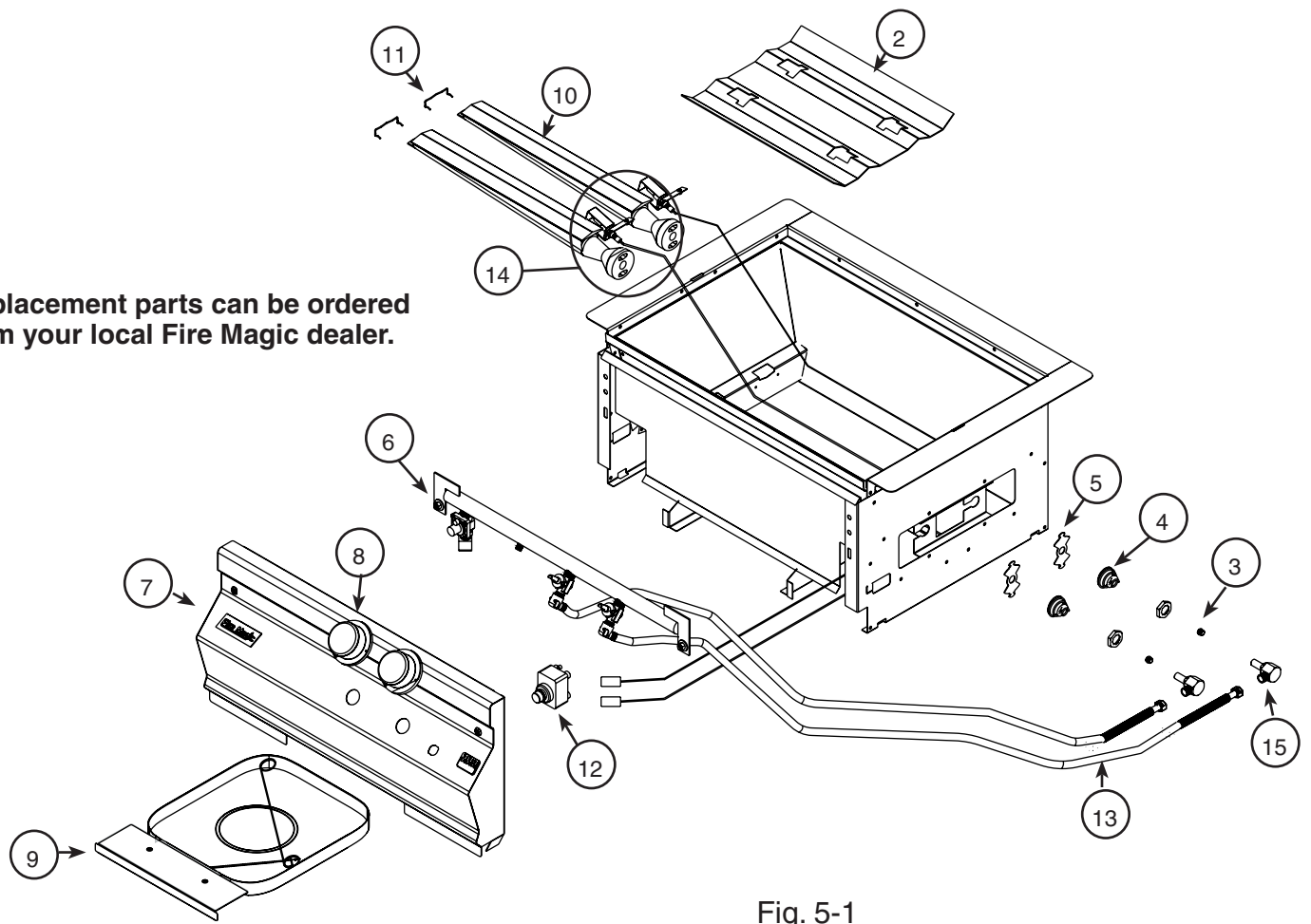


Fig. 5-1

PLANNING FOR INSTALLATION

WHERE TO INSTALL YOUR BARBECUE

Fire Magic barbecues are designed for outdoor use only.

WARNING

Built-in models must be installed in masonry or other type of fireproof enclosure. The unit is not insulated, and therefore must be installed with 18" (45.7 cm) of side and back clearance from unprotected combustible materials such as wood, plastic, or stucco with wood framing, unless the R. H. Peterson approved insulating liner for this model is also installed.

Do not install this unit under overhead combustible construction or unprotected flammable surfaces of any kind (see EXHAUST REMOVAL section below for exception). Do not install or use this appliance inside a building, garage, or any other covered area, including recreational vehicles or boats.

This is a slide-in type unit designed to fit into open-front enclosures. The front panel (face) of the unit is removable for gas hookup, servicing, and burner adjustment. The face must therefore be removable after installing the unit.

Note: This unit must be installed so that it can be removed at a later date if service is required. Any protrusion into the barbecue enclosure may obstruct the frame and prevent the unit from sliding into place (see GAS SUPPLY PLUMBING REQUIREMENTS).

COMBUSTION AND COOLING AIR FLOW

Proper air flow must be maintained for the barbecue to perform as it was designed (Fig. 6-1). If airflow is blocked, overheating and poor combustion will result. Make sure not to block the 1" (2.54 cm) front air inlet along the bottom of the barbecue face or the air vent openings along the outside-left and right edges of the frame.

Note: The 1" (2.54 cm) front air space allows access to the drip tray.

CAUTION: Keep electrical supply cords away from all heated surfaces.

EXHAUST REMOVAL

If installed under a patio roof, the grill area must be fully covered by a chimney and exhaust hood. An exhaust fan with a rating of 1,000 CFM (472 liters per second) or more may be necessary to efficiently remove smoke and other cooking by-products from the covered area.

GAS SUPPLY PLUMBING REQUIREMENTS

Rigid 1/2" (1.3 cm) or 3/4" (.75 cm) black steel pipe, or local code approved pipe for temperatures up to 800°F (427°C), is required to conduct the gas supply into the enclosure opening for connection to the unit. **Do not use a rubber hose within the enclosure for the barbecue unit.**

Apply only joint compounds that are resistant to all gasses on male pipe fittings as required. Test each joint with soap and water solution for leaks (never use a flame to test for gas leaks). Make sure to tighten every joint securely. Do not use pipe joint compound to connect flare fittings.

The gas supply pipe should enter from the rear wall of the enclosure behind the barbecue unit, at least 2" (5.1 cm) from either side, and between 2" (5.1 cm) and 8" (20.3 cm) above the floor, as illustrated by the shaded area in Fig. 6-2.

If it is not possible to stub the gas line in from the back of the enclosure, the connection may be made through the floor at the rear of the enclosure. Install the gas line stub at least 2" (5.1 cm) away from the side and back walls, but within 6" (15.2 cm) of the back wall, as illustrated by the shaded area in Fig. 6-2.

Note: An external valve in the gas line is necessary for safety when the barbecue is not in use. It also provides for convenient maintenance and repair. A removable key is recommended in households with children.

GAS SUPPLY AND MANIFOLD PRESSURES:

Natural gas - Normal 7" (17.8 cm) water column (w.c), minimum 3 1/2" (8.9 cm), maximum 10-1/2" (26.7 cm).

Propane gas - Normal 11" (27.9 cm) w.c., minimum 8" (20.3 cm), maximum 13" (33 cm).

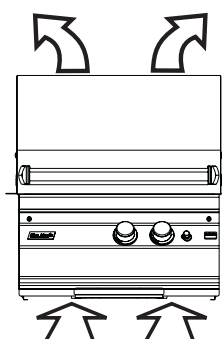


Fig. 6-1 - Ventilation diagram

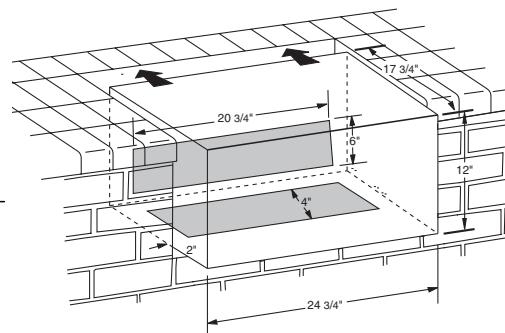


Fig. 6-2- Gas stub diagram

CHECKING/CONVERTING THE BARBECUE ORIFICES

MAIN BURNER ORIFICE SIZE CHECKING/ CONVERSION

Before beginning, make sure you have the proper tools for the task.

This task requires:

- a deep $\frac{3}{8}$ " nut driver with a spacer (#6 nut)
1. Remove the grill and flavor grid from the barbecue.
 2. Release and remove the stainless steel clip, which holds down the back end of the burner, using a screwdriver. Retain the clip.

Note: Be sure not to lose the air shutter or air shutter spring, which will become detached when the burner is removed.

3. Remove the burner by lifting the back of the burner up off of the inner liner shelf while pulling the front of the burner away from the orifice. Set the burner aside.
4. Remove the orifice using a $\frac{3}{8}$ " hex nut driver with a deep socket.

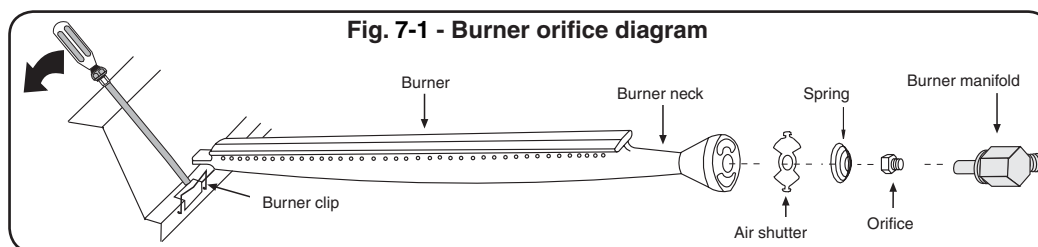
Note: The drill size is stamped on the face of each orifice.

5. Replace the orifice with an orifice of the proper drill size as listed in the Product Data Table.
6. Replace the burner by first sliding the open end over the new orifice and then lowering the back end into position. The orifice must project deeply into the center of the burner tube.

Note: It is critical to the continued safe operation of the burner that it be properly aligned with the orifice, as indicated above.

7. Reinsert the stainless steel clip using fingers or pliers while holding down the back end of the burner.
8. Repeat steps 2-7 for the other main burner.
9. Replace the flavor grid and then the grill so that the cutout section of the grill is in front.

Note: The air shutter must be re-adjusted after removing the burner to assure proper combustion (see the MAIN BURNER AIR SHUTTER ADJUSTMENT section).



AIR SHUTTER ADJUSTMENT

MAIN BURNER AIR SHUTTER ADJUSTMENT

Important: The air shutters must be adjusted after installation. If not, this appliance may not light, heat evenly, or cook properly.

Main burner air shutters are accessed by carefully sliding the unit forward in the enclosure. The air shutters are located at the end of the burners on the right side of the unit (see PARTS LIST). The air shutter has a small dimple (see Fig. 8-1), which allows it to lock into notches in the burner face. This prevents the air shutter from moving.

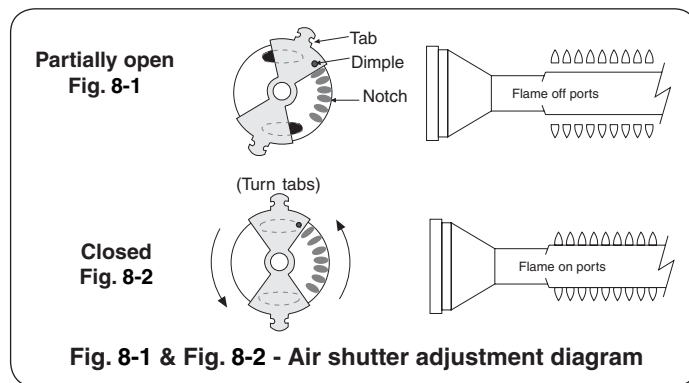
WARNING

USE PROPERLY INSULATED TOOLS TO MAKE THESE ADJUSTMENTS. NEVER TOUCH A HOT BARBECUE DIRECTLY TO MAKE ADJUSTMENTS.

1. **Using the tip of a long screwdriver**, close the air shutters by turning the tabs to a vertical position (Fig. 8-2).
2. Light the barbecue in accordance with the LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS and burn for 2 minutes with the knobs on **HI LIGHT** and the oven open.
3. After burning for two (2) minutes, open the air shutters, **using the tip of a screwdriver**, until the flames lift off, or appear not to be touching the burners (Fig. 8-1).
4. Begin closing the air shutters, **with the tip of a screwdriver**, until the flames appear to burn while touching the burner ports. (Fig. 8-2).

Note: You may then see short yellow tips on the flames. If flames are a lazy yellow, open the air shutters until the flame is blue with yellow tipping.

Note: Barbecues, in some installations, achieve a better air/gas mixture and will ignite more quickly if the valve is first turned beyond **HI LIGHT** to **LOW** for lighting.



INSTALLATION

Perform the following checks before installing the barbecue:

CONNECT THE GAS SUPPLY TO THE BARBECUE

WARNING: A rubber or plastic connector will rupture or leak, resulting in an explosion or serious injury if used inside the barbecue enclosure.

1. Slide the barbecue into place, making sure not to pinch or kink the gas connector.
2. Bring the flex connector under the left-side support wall of the frame (Fig. 9-1) and through to the regulator on the valve manifold.
3. Connect the flex connector to the flared fitting of regulator on the valve manifold. Support the regulator fitting with a wrench to avoid applying excessive torque to the regulator assembly while tightening this connection securely. **DO NOT** use pipe compound on flare fittings.
4. Turn the barbecue burner valves to the **OFF** position. Turn the gas supply on. Then carefully check all gas connections for leaks with a brush and soapy water before lighting. **NEVER USE A MATCH OR OPEN FLAME TO TEST FOR LEAKS.**

5. Refer to the **AIR SHUTTER ADJUSTMENT INSTRUCTIONS** and **LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS** of this manual before replacing the barbecue face and knobs.

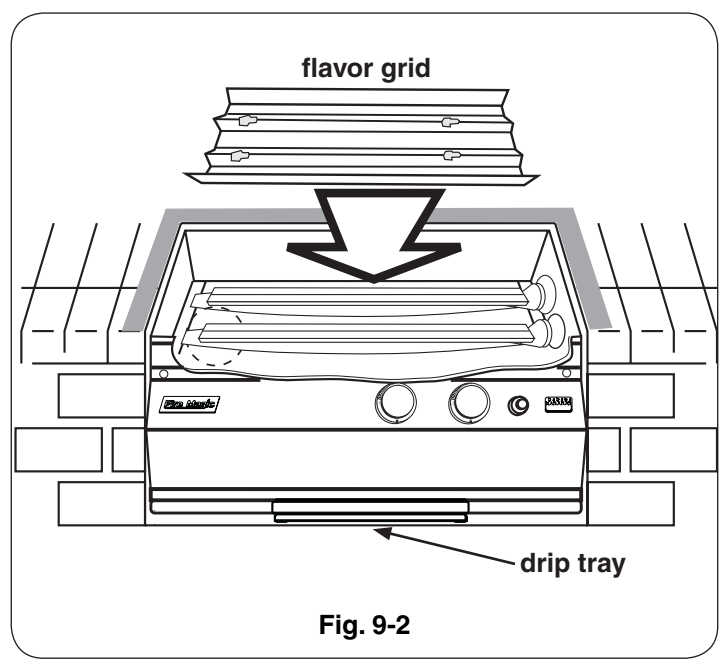
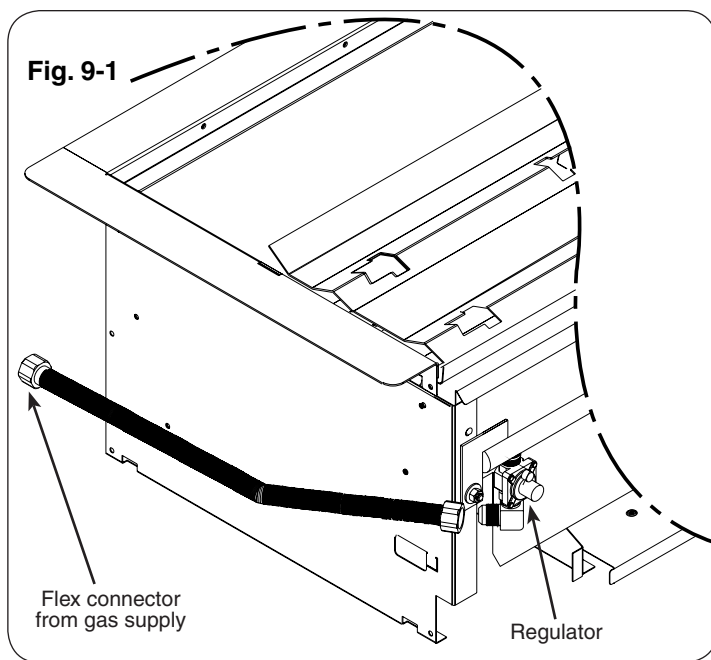
INSTALL THE FLAVOR GRID

Place the flavor grid directly on the burners. Center the grid over the burners with the open side up. (See Fig. 9-2.) This allows heat from burners to be evenly distributed through cooking area. The flavor grid heats and cools quickly, making the barbecue very responsive to the changes you specify in grill temperature.

The flavor grid is made of stainless steel or coated with high temperature porcelain. Either finish is rust resistant and may be cleaned with standard oven cleaners.

DRIP COLLECTION SYSTEM

The drip collector in this Fire Magic barbecue is part of the unit's main frame, and is located below the burners. The drip collector has one hole that allows excess drippings to fall through to the drip tray during cooking. Insert the drip tray under the center of the barbecue face as shown in the PARTS LIST, and Fig. 9-2.



UTILISATION SÛRE ET ENTRETIEN DES CYLINDRES DE GAZ DE PROPANE

IMPORTANT POUR VOTRE SÛRETÉ

LISEZ ET SUIVEZ TOUS LES AVERTISSEMENTS ÉQUIPÉS DE VOTRE CYLINDRE DE GAZ DE PROPANE.

En actionnant cet appareil avec un cylindre de gaz de propane ON DOIT observer ces instructions et avertissements.

LE MANQUE DE FAIRE AINSI PEUT AVOIR COMME CONSÉQUENCE UNE INCENDIE OU UNE EXPLOSION SÉRIEUSE.

CYLINDRE ET CONDITIONS ET

CARACTÉRISTIQUES DE CONNECTEUR

- Des cylindres et les valves de gaz de propane doivent être maintenus en bon état et doivent être remplacés s'il y a des dommages évidents au cylindre ou à la valve.
- Ce barbecue, une fois utilisé avec un cylindre, devrait être relié à un gallon de la norme 5 (20lb.) cylindre de gaz de propane équipé d'un OPD (remplissez au-dessus du niveau le dispositif d'empêchement). L'OPD a été exigé sur tous les cylindres vendus depuis octobre 1.1998 pour empêcher le remplissage excessif.
- Les dimensions de cylindre devraient être approximativement 12"(30.5cm) de diamètre et 18" (45.7cm) hauts. Des cylindres doivent être construits et marqués selon les caractéristiques pour des cylindres de gaz de propane du département des ETATS-UNIS du transport (D.O.T.) ou le niveau national du Canada, du CAN/CSA-B339, des cylindres, des sphères et des tubes pour le transport des marchandises dangereuses.
- Le cylindre doit inclure un collier pour protéger la valve de cylindre et le circuit d'alimentation de cylindre doit être assuré le retrait de vapeur.
- Le régulateur de pression et l'ensemble de tuyau (fig. 10-1) fourni avec cet appareil à cuire extérieur de gaz doivent être utilisés. Les régulateurs d'original et de pression de remplacement et les ensembles de tuyau doivent être ceux indiqués par le Robert H. Peterson Cie. pour le raccordement avec un dispositif se reliant de cylindre identifié comme type I par la norme ANSI Z 21.58 et CGA 1.6-M95-1995 avec la norme ANSI Z 21.58a -1998 d'addenda et CGA 1.6a - M98.
- La valve de cylindre de gaz de propane doit être équipée d'un dispositif d'accouplement de raccordement de cylindre, décrit comme type I dans la norme définie dans le e. de paragraphe ci-dessus. Ce dispositif est généralement décrit comme coupleur rapide de fil de point culminant.
- Si votre cylindre de gaz de propane vient avec une prise de la poussière, placez le bouchon anti-poussière sur la sortie de valve de cylindre toutes les fois que le cylindre n'est pas en service.

OPÉRATION DE COUPLEUR RAPIDE

Pour relier le régulateur/hose à l'ajustage de précision de valve de cylindre de gaz de propane: Serrez l'écrou de main sur le régulateur au-dessus de l'ajustage de précision de fil de point culminant sur la valve de cylindre. Tournez l'écrou de

main dans le sens des aiguilles d'une montre pour engager les fils et pour serrer jusqu'à ce que douillettement. L'utilisation des pinces ou de la clé ne devrait pas être nécessaire. Seulement le propane marqué par cylindres doit être employé.

Pour débrancher: Tournez l'écrou de main dans le sens contraire des aiguilles d'une montre jusqu'à isolé (fig. 10-1).

Important: Avant d'employer le barbecue, et ensuite chaque fois que le cylindre est enlevé et rattaché, examinez tous les raccordements pour déceler les fuites. Arrêtez les valves de barbecue et ouvrez la valve principale de cylindre, puis vérifiez les raccordements avec de l'eau savonneux. Réparez toutes les fuites avant d'allumer le barbecue.

ATTENTION: Tournez toujours la valve principale de cylindre de propane au loin après chaque utilisation, et avant de déplacer le barbecue et le cylindre, ou débrancher l'accouplement. Cette valve doit rester fermée et le cylindre a débranché alors que l'appareil n'est pas en service, quoique l'écoulement de gaz soit arrêté par un dispositif de sûreté quand le coupleur est débranché.

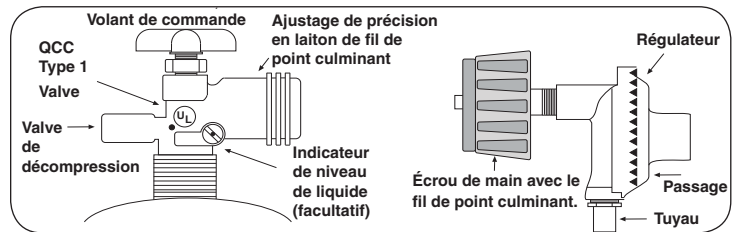
Inspectez soigneusement l'ensemble de tuyau chaque fois avant que le gaz soit allumé. Un tuyau criqué ou frangé devrait être remplacé immédiatement.

Si l'appareil est stocké à l'intérieur, le cylindre doit être débranché et enlevé. Des cylindres doivent être stockés hors des portes, hors de l'extension des enfants, et ne doivent pas être stockés dans un bâtiment, le garage, ou n'importe quel autre secteur inclus.

POUR VOTRE SÛRETÉ

- Ne stockez pas un cylindre de gaz disponible de propane dessous ou ne vous approchez pas de cet appareil.
- Ne remplissez jamais cylindre au delà de 80 pour cent de plein.
- SI L'INFORMATION DANS "A" ET "B" N'EST PAS SUIVIE EXACTEMENT, UN FEU CAUSANT LA MORT OU DES DOMMAGES SÉRIEUX PEUT SE PRODUIRE.

Fig. 10-1 type coupleur rapide de fil de point culminant d'I



CLÔTURES DE CYLINDRE DE PROPANE

POUR VOTRE SÛRETÉ, vous devez fournir les ouvertures suivantes ci-dessous pour le drainage, l'air de recharge, et la ventilation en travers de n'importe quelle zone de stockage exposée à la fuite possible des raccordements de gaz, du barbecue, ou du cylindre de propane:

Un côté de la clôture de cylindre de gaz a laissé complètement ouvert de extérieur OU en fournissant quatre (4) ouvertures de ventilation. Deux ouvertures doivent être au niveau de valve de cylindre (approximativement 16" (40.6 centimètres) au-dessus du plancher) et sur les murs opposés de la clôture. Deux ouvertures supplémentaires doivent être au niveau de plancher des côtés opposés de la clôture. Les ouvertures de niveau de plancher doivent commencer au plancher et se prolongeront pas plus haut que 5"(12.7 centimètre) au-dessus du plancher. Chaque ouverture doit avoir un minimum de 10 pouces carrés (64.5 cm²) du secteur libre. Pour réaliser la ventilation appropriée, vous pouvez forer une série de trous, omettez le coulis des joints de maçonnerie, ou remplacez une brique avec un écran de tissu de matériel. Si le plancher dans le coffret est augmenté et l'espace sous le coffret est ouvert d'extérieur, les ouvertures inférieures de ventilation peuvent être dans le plancher.

SAFE USE & MAINTENANCE OF PROPANE GAS CYLINDERS

IMPORTANT FOR YOUR SAFETY

READ AND FOLLOW ALL WARNINGS PROVIDED WITH THE PROPANE GAS CYLINDER.

When operating this appliance with a propane gas cylinder, these instructions and warnings **MUST** be observed.

FAILURE TO DO SO MAY RESULT IN A SERIOUS FIRE OR EXPLOSION.

CYLINDER/CONNECTOR REQUIREMENTS

- Propane gas cylinders, valves, and hoses must be maintained in good condition and must be replaced if there is visible damage to either the cylinder or valve. If the hose is cut or shows excessive abrasion or wear, it must be replaced before using the gas appliance (see e.).
- This barbecue, when used with a cylinder, should be connected to a standard 5-gallon (20 lb.) propane gas cylinder equipped with an OPD (Overfill Prevention Device). The OPD has been required on all cylinders sold since October 1, 1998, to prevent overfilling.
- Cylinder dimensions should be approximately 12" (30.5cm) in diameter and 18" (45.7cm) high. Cylinders must be constructed and marked in accordance with the *Specifications for Propane Gas Cylinders of the U.S. Department of Transportation (D.O.T.)* or the National Standard of Canada, *CAN/CSA-B339, Cylinders, Spheres, and Tubes for Transportation of Dangerous Goods*.
- The cylinder must include a collar to protect the cylinder valve and the cylinder supply system must be arranged for vapor withdrawal.
- The pressure regulator and hose assembly (Fig. 11-1) supplied with this outdoor cooking gas appliance must be used. Original and replacement pressure regulator and hose assemblies must be those specified by the Robert H. Peterson Co. for connection with a cylinder connecting device identified as Type I by the *ANSI Z 21.58-2005/CGA 1.6-2005* (see PARTS LIST for ordering information).
- The propane gas cylinder valve must be equipped with a cylinder connection coupling device, described as Type I in the standard defined in paragraph e. above. This device is commonly described as an Acme thread quick coupler.
- If the propane gas cylinder comes with a dust plug, place the dust cap on the cylinder valve outlet whenever the cylinder is not in use.

QUICK COUPLER OPERATION

To connect the regulator/hose assembly to the propane gas cylinder valve fitting: Press the hand nut on the regulator over the Acme thread fitting on the cylinder valve. Turn the hand nut clockwise to engage the threads and tighten until snug.

The use of pliers or a wrench should not be necessary. Only cylinders marked propane may be used.

To disconnect: Turn the hand nut counterclockwise until detached (Fig. 11-1).

Important: Before using the barbecue, and after each time the cylinder is removed and reattached, check the hose for wear (see a.) and check all connections for leaks. Turn off the barbecue valves and open the main cylinder valve, then check connections with soapy water. Repair any leaks before lighting the barbecue.

CAUTION: Always turn the propane cylinder main valve off after each use, and before moving the barbecue and cylinder, or disconnecting the coupling. This valve must remain closed and the cylinder disconnected while the appliance is not in use, even though the gas flow is stopped by a safety feature when the coupler is disconnected.

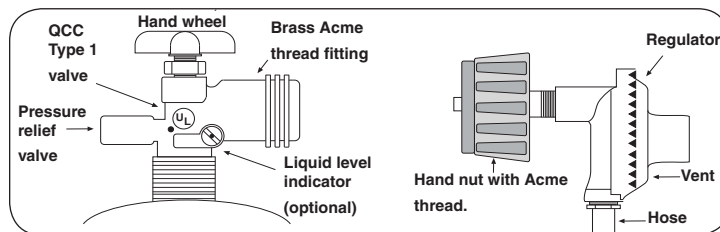
Carefully inspect the hose assembly each time before the gas is turned on. A cracked or frayed hose should be replaced immediately.

If the appliance is stored indoors, the cylinder must be disconnected and removed. **Cylinders must be stored out of doors, out of the reach of children**, and must not be stored in a building, garage, or any other enclosed area.

FOR YOUR SAFETY

- DO NOT store a spare propane gas cylinder under or near this appliance.
- NEVER fill the cylinder beyond 80 percent full.
- IF THE INFORMATION IN "a" AND "b" IS NOT FOLLOWED EXACTLY, A FIRE CAUSING DEATH OR SERIOUS INJURY MAY OCCUR.

Fig. 11-1 Type I Acme thread quick coupler



PROPANE CYLINDER ENCLOSURES

FOR YOUR SAFETY, you must provide the following openings below for drainage, replacement air, and cross ventilation of any storage area exposed to possible leakage from gas connections, the barbecue, or propane cylinders:

One side of the gas cylinder enclosure left completely open to the outside **OR** by providing four (4) ventilation openings. Two openings are to be at the cylinder valve level (approx. 16" (40.6 cm) above the floor) and on opposite walls of the enclosure. Two more openings must be at the floor level on opposite sides of the enclosure. The floor level openings must start at the floor and shall extend no higher than 5" (12.7 cm) above the floor. Each opening must have a minimum of 10 sq. in. (64.5 cm²) of free area. To achieve the proper ventilation, you may drill a series of holes, omit the grout from masonry joints, or replace a brick with a hardware cloth screen. If the floor in the cabinet is raised and the space beneath the cabinet is open to the outside, the lower ventilation openings may be in the floor.

Consult your gas supplier for ventilation and regulator requirements when connecting to a household propane supply.

CHECKING AND CONVERTING GAS TYPE

This barbecue comes from the factory configured for one type of gas, as marked on the label behind the barbecue face plate.

Converting this barbecue to burn a different type of gas requires a conversion kit from the factory. The professional installer that converts this barbecue to burn a different gas must perform the following functions:

1. Change replaceable, brass gas orifices (included at original shipping) on each burner to match the new gas type (see PRODUCT DATA TABLE, Table 1).
2. Switch the convertible gas regulator (included at original shipping) to match the new gas type (see below).
3. Plumb the unit to the new gas supply.
4. Apply a new label behind the faceplate, indicating the new gas the barbecue will burn (included with conversion kit).

WARNING

HAZARDOUS OVERHEATING WILL OCCUR IF A NATURAL GAS ORIFICE IS USED WITH PROPANE GAS. IF YOU ARE NOT SURE IF THE CORRECT ORIFICES ARE INSTALLED, OR IF AN ORIFICE CHANGE IS NECESSARY, REFER TO THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS.

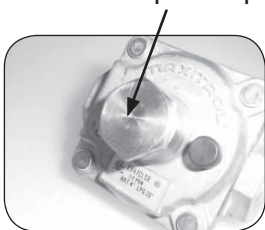
CAUTION: Make sure the barbecue is at a safe temperature and isolated from gas and electrical supplies before beginning the tasks outlined below.

Note: The cooler the barbecue, the greater the tolerances between the stainless steel parts, and therefore, the easier to disassemble and reassemble parts of the barbecue.

CAUTION: For your safety, exercise caution and use adequate hand protection, such as gloves, when handling potentially sharp sheet-metal parts.

CHECKING AND CONVERTING THE REGULATOR

Barbecue regulator:
note the cap on top



Note: Each end of the plastic converter is engraved with either the letters NAT or L.P. (propane) for the respective gasses. When the converter is in the cap and the cap is held uppermost, the letters seen indicate the gas that the regulator is set up for.

To convert the regulator from one gas to another, follow steps 1-4.

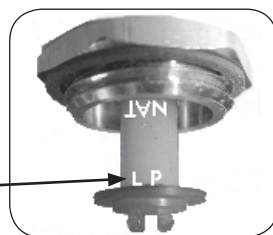


STEP 1:
Unscrew and remove the cap from the regulator, extracting the converter.

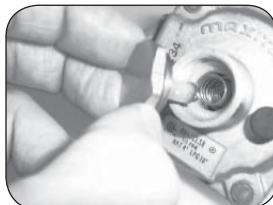


STEP 2:
Remove the converter (the plastic stalk) by carefully pulling it away from the center of the cap (it will snap out of its seating).

Read gas
type here



STEP 3:
Turn the converter around and replace, carefully, into the center of the cap (it will snap into place). Check that you can read the type of gas the unit is set for.



STEP 4:
Replace the unit into the regulator and screw down until snug.

WARNING

THIS APPLIANCE REGULATOR IS RATED FOR 1/2 PSI MAXIMUM. IF YOUR GAS SUPPLY IS GREATER THAN 1/2 PSI, AN ADDITIONAL REGULATOR MUST BE INSTALLED TO REDUCE THE INPUT PRESSURE TO THE BARBECUE TO 1/2 PSI OR LESS. SEE GAS SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS SECTION FOR PROPER GAS SUPPLY PRESSURE.

LIGHTING (IGNITION) INSTRUCTIONS

Read entire instructions before lighting and follow these instructions each time you light the barbecue.

ELECTRONIC LIGHTING

1. Open all lids and remove all covers from the burners you wish to light.
2. Turn all gas control knobs to their **OFF** positions.
3. Turn on the gas at its source.

Note: No matter which lighting method you use,

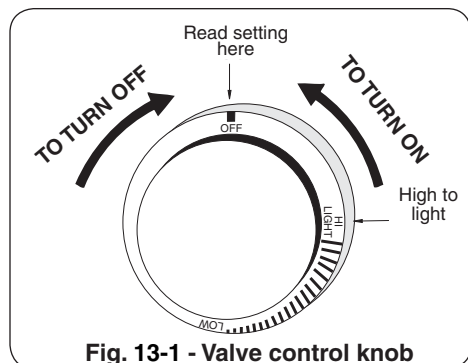


Fig. 13-1 - Valve control knob

DO NOT turn on the gas to more than one burner at a time. Adjacent barbecue burners will cross-ignite and gas flow may be restricted.

CAUTION: If the burners do not light within 5 seconds, depress the control knob and turn the knob to **OFF**. WAIT 5 MINUTES before repeating step 4. If you smell gas, follow the instructions on the cover of this manual. If the burners still do not light after several attempts, refer to the instructions for MANUAL LIGHTING.

4. Depress the control knob for the burner to be lit and turn it to the **HI LIGHT** position, then press the ignition button. Once the burner lights, release the ignition button.
5. Repeat step 4 for each additional burner to be lit.

FOR PROPANE ONLY

Propane tanks are equipped with a safety shut-down device that may cause low or no gas pressure/flame at the burners if operating and lighting instructions are not followed exactly (See important note in the TROUBLESHOOTING section for more details.)

ADJUSTING THE FLAME

The knobs on the face of the barbecue control the valves and adjust the flame height. The first labeled position is **OFF**, the second **HI LIGHT**, and the third **LOW**. In between the **HI LIGHT** and **LOW** labels are mid-point marks. Flame height can be set anywhere between the **HI LIGHT** and **LOW** settings.

The height of the flame **with a valve in LOW position** may be further regulated by means of a small adjusting screw in the center of the valve stem. This screw is accessible by removing the valve knob, which pulls straight off the end of the valve stem.

MANUAL LIGHTING

CAUTION: Always wait 5 minutes for gas to clear after any unsuccessful lighting attempt.

1. Follow steps 1 through 4 (left).
2. Insert either a burning long-barrel butane lighter, a burning long-stem match, or a burning match held by a wire extension holder (Fig. 13-2) through the cooking grids to the burner (Fig. 13-3). For backburners, hold the flame against the perforated material of the backburner. For sideburners, hold the flame against the burner.
3. While holding the match or lighter flame next to the burner, depress the appropriate burner control knob and turn it counterclockwise to the **HI LIGHT** position. When the burner lights, remove the lighter or match.



Fig. 13-2 - Match holder

4. If the burner does not light, **IMMEDIATELY** depress the knob and turn the burner control knob to **OFF**. WAIT 5 MINUTES before repeating steps 2 through 4 of the MANUAL LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS.

Note: Barbecues in some installations achieve a better air/gas mixture and will ignite more quickly if the burner control knob is first turned beyond **HI LIGHT** to **LOW** for lighting.



Fig. 13-3 - Manual lighting

REMEMBER: FOR SAFE MANUAL LIGHTING, PLACE A BURNING MATCH OR BUTANE LIGHTER BESIDE THE BURNER - **THEN TURN ON THE GAS** (see Fig. 13-3).

SHUTTING OFF THE GRILL

To shut off the grill, push in each valve control knob and turn it clockwise to the **OFF** position.

Always close the valve to the gas supply after each use of the barbecue.

ALLUMER DES INSTRUCTIONS (D'ALLUMAGE)

Lisez l'instruction entière avant que s'allumant et suivez ces instructions chaque fois vous lumière le barbecue.

ÉCLAIRAGE ÉLECTRONIQUE

1. Ouvrez tous les couvercles et enlevez toutes les couvertures des brûleurs que vous souhaitez vous allumer.
2. Arrêtez tous les boutons de commande de gaz à leurs positions.
3. Allumez le gaz à sa source.

Note: Aucune matière que la méthode d'éclairage vous emploient, n'allument pas le gaz à plus d'un brûleur à la fois. Les brûleurs adjacents de barbecue croix-mettront à feu et l'écoulement de gaz peut être restreint.

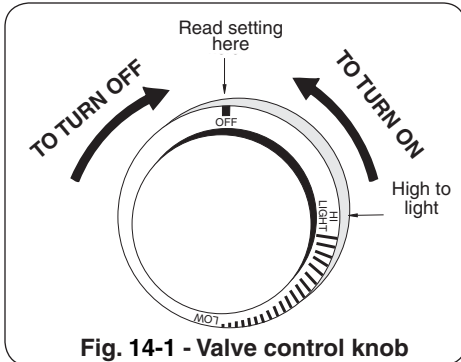


Fig. 14-1 - Valve control knob

ATTENTION: Si les brûleurs ne s'allument pas dans 5 secondes, enfoncez le bouton de commande et tournez le bouton à AU LOIN. ATTENDEZ 5 MINUTES avant de répéter l'étape 5. Si vous sentez le gaz suivez les instructions sur la couverture de ce manuel. Si les brûleurs ne s'allument toujours pas après que plusieurs tentatives, se rapportent aux instructions pour l'ÉCLAIRAGE MANUEL.

4. Enfoncez le bouton de commande pour que le brûleur soit allumé et tournez-le dans la position LÉGÈRE de HI, puis appuyez sur le bouton d'allumage. Une fois que le brûleur s'allume, libérez le bouton d'allumage.
5. Répétez l'étape 4 pour que chaque brûleur additionnel soit s'est allumé.

POUR LE PROPANE SEULEMENT

Les réservoirs de propane sont équipés d'un dispositif d'arrêt de sûreté qui peut ne pas causer le bas ou aucun gaz pressure/flame aux brûleurs si le fonctionnement et allumer des instructions ne sont pas suivis exactement (voir la note importante dans la section de dépannage pour plus de détails.)



Fig. 14-3 - Éclairage manuel

RAPPEL-VOUS: POUR L'ÉCLAIRAGE MANUEL SÛR, PLACEZ Un ALLUMEUR BRÛLANT D'ALLUMETTE OU De BUTANE PRÈS Du BRÛLEUR - ALLUMEZ ALORS Le GAZ (voyez Fig. 14-3).

Note: Les barbecues dans quelques installations réalisent un meilleur mélange d'air/gas et mettront à feu plus rapidement si le bouton de commande de brûleur est d'abord tourné au delà de la LUMIÈRE de HI au BAS pour l'éclairage.

ÉCLAIRAGE MANUEL

ATTENTION: Attendez toujours 5 minutes le gaz à l'espace libre après que n'importe quelle tentative non réussie d'éclairage.

1. Suivez les étapes 1 à 4 (à gauche).
2. Insérez un allumeur brûlant de butane de long-baril, une allumette brûlante de long-tige, ou une allumette brûlante tenue par un support de prolongation de fil (Fig. 14-2) par les grilles à cuire au brûleur (Fig. 14-3). Pour des backburners, tenez la flamme contre le matériel perforé du brûleur arrière. Pour des sideburners, tenez la flamme contre le brûleur.
3. Tout en tenant l'allumette ou la flamme plus légère à côté du brûleur, enfoncez le bouton de commande approprié



Fig. 14-2 - Support d'allumette

de brûleur et tournez-le dans le sens contraire des aiguilles d'une montre dans la position LÉGÈRE de HI. Quand les lumières de brûleur, enlèvent l'allumeur ou s'assortissent.

4. Si le brûleur ne s'allume pas, enfoncez **immédiatement** le bouton et tournez le bouton de commande de brûleur à AU LOIN. ATTENDEZ 5 MINUTES avant de répéter les étapes 2 à 4 des INSTRUCTIONS MANUELLES d'ÉCLAIRAGE.

COUPER LE GRIL

Pour couper le gril, enfoncez chaque bouton de commande de valve et tournez-le dans le sens des aiguilles d'une montre à la position de repos.

Fermez toujours la valve à l'offre de gaz après chaque utilisation du barbecue.

AJUSTEMENT DE LA FLAMME

Les boutons sur le visage du barbecue commandent les valves et ajustent la taille de flamme. La première position marquée est éteinte, la deuxième LUMIÈRE de HI, et la troisième BAS. Entre la LUMIÈRE de HI et les BASSES étiquettes sont les marques de point médian. La taille de flamme peut être placée n'importe où entre la LUMIÈRE de HI et les BAS arrangements.

La taille de la flamme avec une valve en BASSE position peut être encore réglée à l'aide d'une petite vis de réglage au centre de la tige de valve. Cette vis est accessible en enlevant le bouton de valve, qui tire immédiatement l'extrémité de la tige de valve.

BARBECUE SAFETY INFORMATION & MAINTENANCE

Each time you use the barbecue, make sure that:

1. The area around the barbecue is clear of flammable vapors, liquids, and substances such as gasoline, yard debris, wood, etc.
2. There is no blockage of the air flow through the vent space located below the face of the unit.
3. When using propane gas:
 - a. The special ventilation openings in the enclosure are kept free and clear of debris (see PLANNING THE LOCATION OF THE BARBECUE).
 - b. If connected to a propane cylinder, the rubber hose attached to the regulator is carefully inspected before each use.
 - c. The propane cylinder, regulator, and rubber hose are installed in a location not subject to heating above 125° F (51° C).
4. The burner flames burn evenly along both sides of each burner with a steady flame, which is mostly blue with yellow tipping. (Refer to section on AIR SHUTTER ADJUSTMENT.) If burner flames are not normal, check the orifice and burner for insects or insect nests.
5. The in-line gas valve or gas cylinder valve is always shut **OFF** when the barbecue is not in use.
6. The drip collector hole is clear and unobstructed. Excessive grease deposits can result in a grease fire.
7. The barbecue is free and clear from combustible materials, gasoline, and other flammable vapors and liquids.

DRIP COLLECTION SYSTEM

The drip collector in this barbecue is part of the unit's main frame and is located below the burners. The drip collector has one hole that will allow excess drippings to fall through during cooking, while separating the firebox from the drip tray. Clean the drip tray after each use.

The drip collector allows you to brush or scrape residue from the barbecue's inner liner into the drip tray. Following the manufacturer's instructions and regular cleaning of the barbecue's interior with oven cleaner, will help to prevent grease fires.

Periodically, check the burners to make sure they are clear of debris. The burner flames burn evenly along both sides of each burner with a steady flame (mostly blue with yellow tipping). If burner flames are not normal, check the orifice and burner for insects or insect nests. (See section on CHECKING/CONVERTING THE BURNER ORIFICES for instructions on burner removal and replacement.)

Check the burner ports at least annually for blockage by removing the burner (see orifice changing instructions) and visually inspect the gas intake tube for insects and nests. A clogged tube can lead to a fire beneath the grill.

WARNING

NEVER cover the *entire* cooking or grill surface with griddles or pans. Overheating will occur and burners will not perform properly when combustion heat is trapped below the cooking surface.

CAUTION: NEVER spray water on a hot gas unit.

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ACCESSORIES

USING THE GRILL SCRAPER

The triangular stainless-steel piece with serrated edges is designed to be used as a tool to quickly and easily scrape food particles and drippings off the grill after barbecuing. To use it, simply align one of the edges of the scraper so that the cooking grid bars fit into the grooves in the serrated edge, and then scrape it along the length of the cooking grid. Repeat as needed.

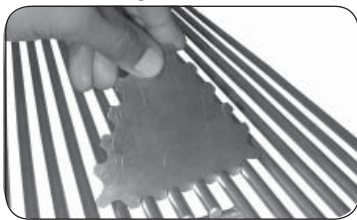


Fig. 17-1
Grill scraper use

WARMING RACK

The warming rack (Fig. 17-2) is packed separately with the barbecue.

To install the warming rack, lift the front of the rack up slightly and insert the rack hangers into the two holes in the back of the barbecue above the backburner. Then lower the front of the rack into a level position to lock the rack in place.

To remove the warming rack, lift up on the front of the rack until the rack hangers pull free from their supporting holes.

Note: For best results, remove the warming rack before using the rotisserie.

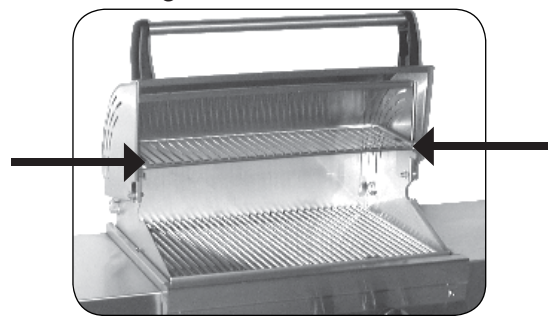


Fig. 17-2 Warming rack in place inside oven

USING THE COOKING GRILL LIFTER

Hold the grill lifter by gripping the center section with the prongs pointing down (use an oven mitt or heavy glove if the grill is hot). Insert the notched end of the grill lifter into the grill, in front of the midway point (front to back-Fig. 17-3), and central (left to right-Fig. 17-4). Twist the grill lifter (clockwise or counterclockwise) so the handle is parallel to the grill rods. This “seats” the spiked end of the grill lifter between two rods, enabling you to safely lift the grill out of the barbecue. Lift slowly and adjust the grill lifter, if necessary, to balance.

DRIP PAN

The drip collection system allows you to brush or scrape excess dried residue inside the barbecue directly into the drip pan (see PARTS LIST for drip pan location). To simplify cleanup when using the rotisserie, you may place a baking pan or foil under the rotisserie to collect the drippings. Clean the drip pan after each use.



Fig. 17-3

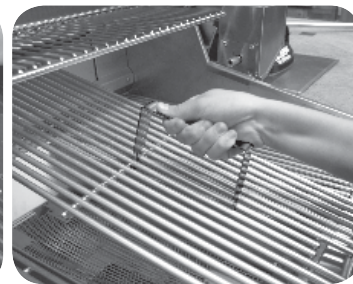


Fig. 17-4

Placement of the grill lifter in grill

THE FLAVOR GRID(S)

Place each flavor grid directly on a burner or burner pair. Center each grid over the burner, oriented as shown in Fig. 17-5.

Note: This allows heat from the burners to be evenly distributed throughout the cooking area. The flavor grids heat and cool quickly, making the barbecue very responsive to the changes in heat from the burners.

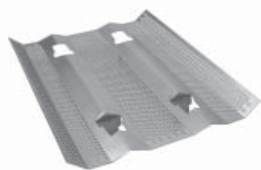


Fig. 17-5

BARBECUE CARE & CLEANING

CARE AND CLEANING

Your new Fire Magic barbecue represents the latest and most advanced technology available. In order to continue to enjoy the benefits of this technology and to protect your investment, we recommend the following:

Cover your barbecue with a Fire Magic cover when not in use.

Clean the unit with a quality stainless steel cleaner at least once a month (see Fig. 18-1).

Note: In a humid environment, due to the nature of stainless steel, iron oxide deposits may appear. Do not be alarmed – these deposits are removable with stainless steel cleaner during periodic maintenance.

Check the burner ports at least annually for blockage by removing the burner (see orifice changing instructions) and visually inspecting the gas intake tube for insects and nests. A clogged tube can lead to a fire beneath the grill.

The inside of the barbecue may be cleaned periodically with oven cleaner if desired. Follow the oven cleaner instructions for proper use.

By following these recommendations, you will enjoy the beauty and power of your barbecue for many years to come.



Fig. 18-1 - Wipe with grain

BARBECUE COVER

PROTECTING YOUR BARBECUE

An optional heavy-duty cover will protect the finish on your barbecue and preserve your investment. The water repellent material will shield your barbecue from corrosion and oxidation.

To provide a custom fit, each cover has been cut and sewn by hand for a particular smoke oven model. Make sure to give the model number of your barbecue when ordering a cover from the manufacturer or your local dealer.

To maintain and protect your barbecue cover, occasionally wipe the outside with a sponge soaked

in water and a mild household detergent or cleaner, and rinse with a clean damp cloth.

Important: Allow your barbecue to cool before covering.

Important: Always close the gas supply shut off valve to the barbecue. If storing the barbecue for a long period of time, disconnect the barbecue from the gas supply completely.

Always check the burners after long periods of disuse to look for obstructions that may hamper performance and safe operation of your barbecue.



Fig. 18-2

REPLACING THE IGNITOR BATTERY

1. Remove the ignitor cover by turning it counterclockwise.



Important: Do not attempt to pull or turn the rubber cap.



2. Remove battery for replacement. The battery is re-installed with the negative (-) end out.



3. After properly inserting the battery, replace the ignitor cover by turning the cap clockwise.



Note: If you have accidentally removed the rubber cap, follow the instructions below to replace it.

1. Pull the rubber cap and the inner plastic sleeve apart.
 2. Carefully insert the rubber cap into the ignitor cover so it sits behind inner lip.
 3. Turn the cap over and slide the inner plastic sleeve into the cap.



TROUBLESHOOTING

If you have trouble with the gas barbecue, please use this list to identify the problem. By trying one or more of the solutions to the possible cause you should be able to solve the problem. If this list does not cover your present problem or if you have other technical difficulties with the barbecue, please contact your local barbecue dealer.

PROBLEM	POSSIBLE CAUSE	CORRECTION
Ignition system failure	1) Improper air shutter adjustment	1) Adjust air shutters.
	2) Ignition wire disconnected	2) Re-plug wires into generator.
	3) Low gas pressure	3) Adjust or replace battery.
	4) Dead battery	4) Replace battery.
Insufficient heat	5) Improper air shutter adjustment	5) Adjust air shutters.
	6) Using propane orifice for natural gas	6) Change orifices.
	7) Low gas pressure/flame (natural)	7) Have gas company check the operating pressure at the barbecue.
	8) Low gas pressure/flame (propane)	8) Refill propane tank, or reset propane tank safety*: Shut off all valves including propane tank and follow lighting instructions exactly.
Uneven heating	9) Burner ports partially blocked by debris	9) Remove burners and clean out ports.
	10) Small spiders or insects in burner	10) Inspect burners for spider webs or other debris that may block gas flow.

Note: *Propane tanks are equipped with a safety shut-down device that may cause low or no gas/flame at the burners if operating and lighting instructions are not followed exactly. If you suspect the propane tank safety shut-off is in effect, shut off all burner control valves and the propane tank valve. Then read and follow the LIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS exactly. Lighting instructions are located in the owner's manual and printed on the barbecue's metal drip tray. If the problem persists continue troubleshooting or contact your local dealer or R. H. Peterson for assistance.

FIRE MAGIC OUTDOOR GAS BARBECUES LIMITED WARRANTY

PLEASE COMPLETE AND RETURN YOUR REGISTRATION CARD, WHICH IS INCLUDED WITH YOUR BARBECUE

LIFETIME WARRANTY - Fire Magic cast stainless steel burners, stainless steel rod cooking grids, and stainless steel housings (including liners, frames, ovens, and barbecues faces) are warranted for as long as you own your Fire Magic barbecue.

FIFTEEN YEAR WARRANTY - Fire Magic cast brass burners, brass valves, backburner assemblies (except ignition parts), manifold assemblies, and porcelain hoods and faces are warranted for 15 years from the date of purchase of your Fire Magic barbecue.

THREE YEAR WARRANTY - Fire Magic sideburners and all other Fire Magic barbecue components (except ignition and electronic parts) are warranted for 3 years from the date of purchase of your Fire Magic barbecue.

Fire Magic ignition systems, electronic components (including lights and thermometers), and barbecue accessories are warranted for one year from date of purchase.

PLEASE KEEP A COPY OF YOUR SALES SLIP FOR PROOF OF PURCHASE

This warranty applies to the original purchaser with invoice or proof of purchase and covers Fire Magic products intended for personal, family, or household usage only. It does not apply to rust, corrosion, oxidation, or discoloration, which may occur due to moisture or overheating, unless the affected component becomes inoperable. This warranty does not cover parts becoming defective by misuse, accidental damage, improper handling, and/or installation. It does not cover labor or labor related charges. It specifically excludes liability for indirect, incidental or consequential damages. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above exclusion may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specified legal rights and you may have other rights, which may vary from state to state.

For additional information regarding this warranty, or information on how to place a warranty claim, contact your authorized Fire Magic dealer.

ROBERT H. PETERSON CO.

Quality Check

Date: _____

Orifice # (Main): _____

Orifice # (Other): _____

Leak Test: _____

Burn Test: _____

Gas Type: NAT. / PROPANE

Model #: _____

Serial #: _____

Air Shutter: _____

Inspector: _____